

The question was then put on the adoption of the amendment proposed by Mr. Handy, and determined in the negative.

Mr. Long then moved to amend said bill by striking out all after the title, and inserting in lieu thereof the following:

"Whereas the Act of Assembly of 1785, chapter 72, section 6, makes it the duty of the Chancellor, or county court, sitting as a court of equity, to be satisfied of the justice of a claim, against any idiot, lunatic, or person non compos mentis, and also that it will be advantageous and beneficial to the estate of such idiot, lunatic, or person non compos mentis, that a sale of his or her estate should be made, for remedy, whereof,

SEC. 1. *Be it enacted by the General Assembly of Maryland,* That it shall not be necessary in cases now, or hereafter depending before the Chancellor, or county court, sitting as a court of equity, that such Chancellor or county court, sitting as a court of equity, shall be satisfied that a sale of the estate of such idiot, lunatic, or person non compos mentis, will be advantageous to such idiot, lunatic or person non compos mentis; but that a sale may be made without such a requisition, provided, always, that this act shall not be construed to repeal the act of 1785, chapter 72, in any other particular."

Which having been read;

The question was put, will the house adopt the said amendment;

Resolved in the affirmative.

The said bill having been read a second time as amended was then passed.

The House then adjourned until to-morrow morning, 11 o'clock.

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THURSDAY, January 16th, 1834.

The House met. Present the same members as on yesterday, except Mr. White, who has leave of absence. The proceedings of yesterday were read.

The Speaker laid before the house a report from the trustees of the University of Maryland;

Which was read and referred to the committee on education;

Also, reports from the clerks of Dorchester, Somerset